

§ 19.525

Electronic Fund Transfer. This publication outlines the procedure a taxpayer is to follow when preparing returns and EFT remittances in accordance with this part. The U.S. Customs Service will provide the taxpayer with instructions for preparing EFT remittances for payments to be made to the U.S. Customs Service.

(Act of August 16, 1954, 68A Stat. 775, as amended (26 U.S.C. 6302); sec. 201, Pub. L. 85-859, 72 Stat. 1335, as amended (26 U.S.C. 5061))

[T.D. ATF-198, 50 FR 8464, Mar. 1, 1985; 50 FR 23410, June 4, 1985; 50 FR 23949, June 7, 1985, as amended by T.D. ATF-219, 50 FR 51388, Dec. 17, 1985; T.D. ATF-245, 52 FR 532, Jan. 7, 1987; T.D. ATF-251, 52 FR 19313, May 22, 1987; T.D. ATF-262, 52 FR 47559, Dec. 15, 1987; T.D. ATF-459, 66 FR 38549, July 25, 2001; T.D. ATF-479, 67 FR 30798, May 8, 2002]

§ 19.525 Manner of filing returns.

(a) Each return on Form 5000.24 shall be filed with TTB, in accordance with the instructions on the form. If the return and remittance are to be filed with a designated appropriate TTB officer, the proprietor shall file the return and remittance no later than 2:00 p.m. on the date the return is required to be filed.

(b) When the proprietor sends the return on Form 5000.24 by U.S. mail, the official postmark of the U.S. Postal Service stamped on the cover in which the return was mailed shall be considered the date of delivery of the remittance. When the postmark on the cover is illegible, the burden of proving when the postmark was made will be on the proprietor. When the proprietor sends the return with or without remittance by registered mail or by certified mail, the date of registry or the date of the postmark on the sender's receipt of certified mail, as the case may be, shall be treated as the date of delivery of the return and, if accompanied, of the remittance.

(Aug. 16, 1954, ch. 736, 68A Stat. 775, as amended (26 U.S.C. 6302))

[T.D. ATF-198, 50 FR 8464, Mar. 1, 1985, as amended by T.D. ATF-219, 50 FR 51388, Dec. 17, 1985; T.D. ATF-251, 52 FR 19313, May 22, 1987]

27 CFR Ch. I (4-1-07 Edition)

§ 19.526 Removal of spirits on tax determination.

No spirits shall be removed from bonded premises, except as otherwise provided by law, unless the tax thereon has been paid or determined. A record of tax determination shall be prepared for each removal of spirits as provided in § 19.76.

(Sec. 201, Pub. L. 85-859, 72 Stat. 1358, as amended (26 U.S.C. 5205); sec. 807, Pub. L. 96-39, 93 Stat. 285 (26 U.S.C. 5213))

WITHDRAWAL OF SPIRITS WITHOUT PAYMENT OF TAX

§ 19.531 Authorized withdrawals without payment of tax.

Spirits may be withdrawn from bonded premises, without payment of tax for:

(a) Export, as authorized under 26 U.S.C. 5214(a)(4);

(b) Transfer to customs manufacturing bonded warehouses, as authorized under 19 U.S.C. 1311;

(c) Transfer to foreign-trade zones, as authorized under 19 U.S.C. 81c;

(d) Supplies for certain vessels and aircraft, as authorized under 19 U.S.C. 1309;

(e) Transfer to customs bonded warehouses, as authorized under 26 U.S.C. 5066 or 5214(a)(9);

(f) Use in wine production, as authorized under 26 U.S.C. 5373;

(g) Transfer to any university, college of learning, or institution of scientific research for experimental or research use as authorized under 26 U.S.C. 5312(a);

(h) Research, development or testing, as authorized under 26 U.S.C. 5214(a)(10). The withdrawal of spirits as provided in paragraphs (a) through (e) of this section shall be in accordance with the regulations in 27 CFR part 28; or,

(i) Use in the production on bonded wine cellar premises of wine and wine products which will be rendered unfit for beverage use, as authorized by 26 U.S.C. 5362(d). The withdrawal of spirits as provided in paragraphs (a) through (e) of this section shall be in

accordance with the regulations in part 252 of this chapter.

(Sec. 311, Tariff Act of 1930, 46 Stat. 691, as amended (19 U.S.C. 1311); sec. 201, Pub. L. 85-859, 72 Stat. 1362, as amended, 1375, as amended, 1382, as amended (26 U.S.C. 5214, 5312, 5373); sec. 3, Pub. L. 91-659, 84 Stat. 1965, as amended (26 U.S.C. 5066); sec. 455, Pub. L. 98-369, 98 Stat. 494 (26 U.S.C. 5214))

[T.D. ATF-198, 50 FR 8464, Mar. 1, 1985, as amended by T.D. ATF-227, 51 FR 13216, Apr. 18, 1986; T.D. TTB-8, 69 FR 3829, Jan. 27, 2004]

§ 19.532 Withdrawals of spirits for use in wine production.

Wine spirits may be withdrawn to a bonded wine cellar without payment of tax for use in wine production. When wine spirits are consigned, the proprietor shall prepare a transfer record according to §19.770. Unless wine spirits in packages are to be withdrawn on the production or filling gauge, the proprietor shall prepare a package gauge record according to §19.769 and attach it to the transfer record.

(Sec. 201, Pub. L. 85-859, 72 Stat. 1362, as amended, 1382, as amended (26 U.S.C. 5214, 5373))

§ 19.533 Withdrawal of spirits without payment of tax for experimental or research use.

Any scientific university, college of learning, or institution of scientific research (which has qualified under the provisions of §19.71 to withdraw spirits from a bonded premises), desiring to withdraw a specific quantity of spirits for experimental or research use, shall file a letterhead application with the appropriate TTB officer of the region in which the applicant's premises are located.

(Sec. 201, Pub. L. 85-859, 72 Stat. 1375, as amended (26 U.S.C. 5312))

§ 19.534 Withdrawals of spirits for use in production of nonbeverage wine and nonbeverage wine products.

Spirits withdrawn without payment of tax may be removed, pursuant to the provisions of part 24 of this chapter, to a bonded wine cellar for use in the production of nonbeverage wine and nonbeverage wine products. (Sec. 455, Pub. L. 98-369, 98 Stat. 494 (26 U.S.C. 5214))

[T.D. 372, 61 FR 20724, May 8, 1996]

WITHDRAWAL OF SPIRITS FREE OF TAX

§ 19.536 Authorized withdrawals free of tax.

Pursuant to the regulations in this chapter, spirits may be withdrawn from bonded premises free of tax—

(a) On receipt of a signed photocopy of a permit, issued under part 22 of this chapter, to procure spirits for nonbeverage purposes and not for resale or use in the manufacture of any product for sale, as provided in 26 U.S.C. 5214(a)(3);

(b) On receipt of a signed photocopy of a permit, issued under part 22 of this chapter, to procure spirits by and for the use of the United States or any governmental agency, any State, any political division of a State, or the District of Columbia, for nonbeverage purposes as provided in 26 U.S.C. 5214(a)(2);

(c) On receipt of a valid permit, issued under this part, to procure spirits by and for the use of the United States, under the provisions of 26 U.S.C. 7510, for purposes other than as provided in paragraph (b) of this section and 26 U.S.C. 5214(a)(2);

(d) After being specially denatured—

(1) On receipt of a signed photocopy of a permit to procure specially denatured spirits, issued under part 20 of this chapter.

(2) For export;

(e) After being completely denatured, for any lawful purpose;

(f) When contained in an article.

(Act of August 16, 1954, Ch. 736, 68A Stat. 900 (26 U.S.C. 7510); sec. 201, Pub. L. 85-859, 72 Stat. 1362, as amended (26 U.S.C. 5214))

[T.D. ATF-198, 50 FR 8464, Mar. 1, 1985, as amended by T.D. ATF-199, 50 FR 9160, Mar. 6, 1985]

§ 19.537 Withdrawal of spirits free of tax.

Spirits withdrawn free of tax under §19.536 (a), (b), or (c) shall be withdrawn in approved containers and shipped to the consignee designated in the permit. Unless the spirits are in cases or are to be withdrawn on the production or filling gauge, the proprietor shall gauge each container. If the spirits are in packages which are to be gauged, the proprietor shall prepare a package gauge record according to §19.769, and attach it to the record of